

**MULTIPLE CHOICE**

1. The primary meaning of a term is conveyed by the:
- A. suffix
  - B. prefix
  - C. word root
  - D. combining vowel

ANS: C                      PTS: 1                      REF: 5                      OBJ: 2  
TOP: Medical Term Building

2. The word part attached to the beginning of a word root is the:
- A. prefix
  - B. suffix
  - C. combining vowel
  - D. word root

ANS: A                      PTS: 1                      REF: 5                      OBJ: 2  
TOP: Medical Term Building

3. A suffix meaning **pertaining to** is:
- A. -al
  - B. -oid
  - C. -oma
  - D. -logy

ANS: A                      PTS: 1                      REF: 9                      OBJ: 3  
TOP: Word Parts

4. The meaning of the suffix **-genic** is:
- A. pertaining to
  - B. one who studies and treats (specialist, physician)
  - C. study of
  - D. producing, originating, causing

ANS: D                      PTS: 1                      REF: 9                      OBJ: 2  
TOP: Word Parts

5. The term meaning the **study of cells** is:
- A. cytology
  - B. histology
  - C. pathology
  - D. oncology

ANS: A                      PTS: 1                      REF: 17                      OBJ: 3  
TOP: Medical Terms Built from Word Parts

6. The term meaning **pertaining to the internal organs** is:
- A. histology
  - B. visceral
  - C. cytoid
  - D. epithelial

ANS: B                      PTS: 1                      REF: 17                      OBJ: 3  
TOP: Medical Terms Built from Word Parts

7. The combining form referring to the **tissue that is the major covering of the external surface of the body** is:
- A. hist/o
  - B. epitheli/o
  - C. sarc/o
  - D. neur/o

ANS: B                      PTS: 1                      REF: 7 | 9                      OBJ: 2  
TOP: Word Parts

8. The combining form that refers to the **basic unit of all living things** is:
- A. cyt/o
  - B. onc/o
  - C. viscer/o
  - D. hist/o

ANS: A                      PTS: 1                      REF: 7 | 9                      OBJ: 2  
TOP: Word Parts

9. A combining form meaning **tumor** is:
- A. cyt/o
  - B. path/o
  - C. onc/o
  - D. sarc/o

ANS: C                      PTS: 1                      REF: 9                      OBJ: 2  
TOP: Word Parts

10. The combining form **carcin/o** means:
- A. disease
  - B. tumor
  - C. cancer
  - D. flesh

ANS: C                      PTS: 1                      REF: 9                      OBJ: 2  
TOP: Word Parts

11. The suffix **-stasis** means:
- A. out of control
  - B. tumor
  - C. cancer
  - D. control, stop

ANS: D                      PTS: 1                      REF: 9                      OBJ: 2  
TOP: Word Parts

12. The term meaning **physician who studies diseases** is:
- A. pathogenic
  - B. pathologist
  - C. oncology
  - D. oncologist

ANS: B                      PTS: 1                      REF: 17                      OBJ: 3  
TOP: Medical Terms Built from Word Parts

13. The term meaning **resembling fat** is:
- A. lipoid
  - B. lipoma
  - C. visceral
  - D. cytoïd

ANS: A                      PTS: 1                      REF: 17                      OBJ: 3  
TOP: Medical Terms Built from Word Parts

14. **Oncology** is the study of:
- A. tumors
  - B. cells
  - C. disease
  - D. tissues

ANS: A                      PTS: 1                      REF: 17                      OBJ: 3  
TOP: Medical Terms Built from Word Parts

15. The medical term used to indicate the **transfer of disease beyond the tissue or organ of origin** is:
- A. carcinoma
  - B. visceral
  - C. sarcoma
  - D. metastasis

ANS: D                      PTS: 1                      REF: 17                      OBJ: 3  
TOP: Medical Terms Built from Word Parts

16. The medical term used to indicate **substances thought to produce cancer** is:
- A. carcinogenic
  - B. cancerous
  - C. cytogenic
  - D. neoplasm

ANS: A                      PTS: 1                      REF: 17                      OBJ: 3  
TOP: Medical Terms Built from Word Parts

17. A **tumor composed of nerve tissue** is called:
- A. epithelioma
  - B. myoma
  - C. sarcoma
  - D. neuroma

ANS: D                      PTS: 1                      REF: 17                      OBJ: 3  
TOP: Medical Terms Built from Word Parts

18. **Radiation therapy** is abbreviated as:
- A. XRT
  - B. Dx
  - C. Px
  - D. chemo
- ANS: A                      PTS: 1                      REF: 18                      OBJ: 5  
TOP: Abbreviations
19. The combining form referring to **the cells that have the ability to produce movement** is:
- A. neur/o
  - B. plasm/o
  - C. lip/o
  - D. my/o
- ANS: D                      PTS: 1                      REF: 7 | 9                      OBJ: 3  
TOP: Word Parts
20. The combining form that refers to the **body system that contains the brain, spinal cord, and nerves** is:
- A. my/o
  - B. cyt/o
  - C. neur/o
  - D. hist/o
- ANS: C                      PTS: 1                      REF: 8-9                      OBJ: 2  
TOP: Word Parts
21. The abbreviation for **diagnosis** is:
- A. Px
  - B. Dx
  - C. CA
  - D. MET
- ANS: B                      PTS: 1                      REF: 18                      OBJ: 5  
TOP: Abbreviations
22. The term meaning **lessening signs of a disease** is:
- A. prognosis
  - B. malignant
  - C. remission
  - D. benign
- ANS: C                      PTS: 1                      REF: 18                      OBJ: 4  
TOP: Medical Terms Not Built from Word Parts
23. The term meaning the **identification of a disease** is:
- A. prognosis
  - B. diagnosis
  - C. chemotherapy
  - D. remission
- ANS: B                      PTS: 1                      REF: 18                      OBJ: 4  
TOP: Medical Terms Not Built from Word Parts
24. The term meaning **treatment of cancer using pharmaceuticals** is:
- A. prognosis
  - B. diagnosis
  - C. chemotherapy
  - D. remission
- ANS: C                      PTS: 1                      REF: 18                      OBJ: 4  
TOP: Medical Terms Not Built from Word Parts
25. **MET** is the abbreviation for:
- A. metastasis
  - B. malignant
  - C. myoma
  - D. carcinoma
- ANS: A                      PTS: 1                      REF: 17                      OBJ: 5  
TOP: Abbreviations
26. The term meaning **not malignant or nonrecurring** is:
- A. diagnosis
  - B. prognosis
  - C. benign
  - D. remission
- ANS: C                      PTS: 1                      REF: 18                      OBJ: 4  
TOP: Medical Terms Not Built from Word Parts

27. The suffix **-plasm** means:  
A. a growth  
B. plasma  
C. new  
D. blood
- ANS: A                      PTS: 1                      REF: 9                      OBJ: 2  
TOP: Word Parts
28. The word part meaning **new** is:  
A. meta-  
B. neo-  
C. -oma  
D. -plasm
- ANS: B                      PTS: 1                      REF: 9                      OBJ: 2  
TOP: Word Parts
29. Which of the following is *not* a type of tumor?  
A. sarcoma  
B. myoma  
C. carcinoma  
D. lipoid
- ANS: D                      PTS: 1                      REF: 17                      OBJ: 3  
TOP: Medical Terms Built from Word Parts
30. The term meaning **producing disease** is:  
A. pathogenic  
B. pathology  
C. carcinogenic  
D. oncology
- ANS: A                      PTS: 1                      REF: 17                      OBJ: 3  
TOP: Medical Terms Built from Word Parts
31. A medical term composed of the **first letters of several words that can be pronounced as a whole word** is called a(n):  
A. eponym  
B. acronym  
C. medical term built from Greek and Latin word parts  
D. none of the above
- ANS: B                      PTS: 1                      REF: 3                      OBJ: 2  
TOP: Origins of Medical Language
32. **Parkinson disease** is an example of what type of medical term?  
A. eponym  
B. acronym  
C. medical term built from Greek and Latin word parts  
D. modern or technologic language
- ANS: A                      PTS: 1                      REF: 3                      OBJ: 2  
TOP: Origins of Medical Language
33. The combining form meaning **fat** is:  
A. path/o  
B. sarc/o  
C. carcin/o  
D. lip/o
- ANS: D                      PTS: 1                      REF: 9                      OBJ: 2  
TOP: Word Parts
34. The term meaning **tumor composed of epithelium** is:  
A. carcinogenic  
B. epithelioma  
C. carcinoma  
D. epithelial
- ANS: B                      PTS: 1                      REF: 17                      OBJ: 3  
TOP: Medical Terms Built from Word Parts
35. The combining form **viscer/o** means:  
A. cancer  
B. tissue  
C. flesh  
D. internal organs
- ANS: D                      PTS: 1                      REF: 9                      OBJ: 2  
TOP: Word Parts

36. In the medical term **pathology**, the combining form means:  
A. cell  
B. epithelium  
C. disease  
D. tumor  
  
ANS: C                      PTS: 1                      REF: 9                      OBJ: 2  
TOP: Word Parts
37. The combining form **my/o** means:  
A. nerve  
B. muscle  
C. fat  
D. cell  
  
ANS: B                      PTS: 1                      REF: 9                      OBJ: 2  
TOP: Word Parts
38. In the medical term **lipoid**, the suffix means:  
A. resembling  
B. fat  
C. pertaining to  
D. tumor  
  
ANS: A                      PTS: 1                      REF: 9                      OBJ: 2  
TOP: Word Parts
39. In the medical term **pathology**, the suffix means:  
A. resembling  
B. study of  
C. pertaining to  
D. disease  
  
ANS: B                      PTS: 1                      REF: 9                      OBJ: 2  
TOP: Word Parts
40. The term meaning **resembling a cell** is:  
A. lipoid  
B. cytoid  
C. lipoma  
D. epithelioma  
  
ANS: B                      PTS: 1                      REF: 17                      OBJ: 3  
TOP: Medical Terms Built from Word Parts
41. The term meaning **new growth** is:  
A. sarcoma  
B. neuroma  
C. pathology  
D. neoplasm  
  
ANS: D                      PTS: 1                      REF: 17                      OBJ: 3  
TOP: Medical Terms Built from Word Parts
42. The term meaning **study of disease** is:  
A. cytology  
B. pathology  
C. oncology  
D. pathogenic  
  
ANS: B                      PTS: 1                      REF: 17                      OBJ: 3  
TOP: Medical Terms Built from Word Parts
43. A **physician who studies and treats tumors** is called a(n):  
A. pathologist  
B. pathology  
C. oncology  
D. oncologist  
  
ANS: D                      PTS: 1                      REF: 17                      OBJ: 3  
TOP: Medical Terms Built from Word Parts
44. The term meaning **pertaining to the epithelium** is:  
A. epithelial  
B. visceral  
C. epithelioma  
D. histology  
  
ANS: A                      PTS: 1                      REF: 17                      OBJ: 3  
TOP: Medical Terms Built from Word Parts

45. The term meaning **tumor composed of muscle tissue** is:  
A. myoma  
B. sarcoma  
C. neuroma  
D. lipoma  
  
ANS: A                      PTS: 1                      REF: 17                      OBJ: 3  
TOP: Medical Terms Built from Word Parts
46. **Sarcoma** means a tumor of:  
A. fat  
B. connective tissue  
C. muscle  
D. nerve  
  
ANS: B                      PTS: 1                      REF: 17                      OBJ: 3  
TOP: Medical Terms Built from Word Parts
47. The medical term referring to **the possible outcome of a disease** is:  
A. benign  
B. inflammation  
C. prognosis  
D. remission  
  
ANS: C                      PTS: 1                      REF: 18                      OBJ: 4  
TOP: Medical Terms Not Built from Word Parts
48. The term indicating **a localized protective response to injury or tissue destruction characterized by redness, swelling, heat, and pain** is:  
A. benign  
B. inflammation  
C. prognosis  
D. remission  
  
ANS: B                      PTS: 1                      REF: 18                      OBJ: 4  
TOP: Medical Terms Not Built from Word Parts
49. The abbreviation for the term meaning **possible outcome of a disease** is:  
A. chemo  
B. CA  
C. Px  
D. Dx  
  
ANS: C                      PTS: 1                      REF: 18                      OBJ: 5  
TOP: Abbreviations
50. The abbreviation for the term meaning **cancer, carinoma** is:  
A. chemo  
B. CA  
C. Px  
D. Dx  
  
ANS: B                      PTS: 1                      REF: 17                      OBJ: 5  
TOP: Abbreviations
51. In the medical term **neoplasm**, the prefix means:  
A. disease  
B. tumor  
C. new  
D. beyond  
  
ANS: C                      PTS: 1                      REF: 9                      OBJ: 3  
TOP: Word Parts
52. **XRT** is an abbreviation for the term that means:  
A. lessening or absence of signs of disease  
B. treatment of cancer with pharmaceuticals  
C. not malignant, nonrecurring  
D. treatment of cancer with a radioactive substance  
  
ANS: D                      PTS: 1                      REF: 18                      OBJ: 5  
TOP: Abbreviations
53. The medical record noted, “The patient underwent surgery and was found to have no evidence of metastasis.” The statement indicates that the:  
A. Disease has spread to another organ.  
B. Disease has not spread to another organ.  
C. Patient is experiencing pain.  
D. Patient is experiencing cramping.  
  
ANS: B                      PTS: 1                      REF: 17                      OBJ: 6  
TOP: Practical Application

54. The medical record further noted, “Her entire colon was removed because of a high risk for developing a malignant lesion.” The statement indicates that:
- A. A future lesion could tend to become worse, possibly resulting in death.
  - B. A future lesion would most likely be nonrecurring.
  - C. The patient’s colon was left intact.
  - D. The patient was at low risk for future diseases.

ANS: A                      PTS: 1                      REF: 18                      OBJ: 6  
TOP: Practical Application

55. The patient with a diagnosis of carcinoma may seek the services of a(n) \_\_\_\_\_ to treat the disease.
- A. oncologist
  - B. cytologist
  - C. histologist
  - D. pathologist

ANS: A                      PTS: 1                      REF: 17                      OBJ: 6  
TOP: Practical Application