Package Title: Testbank

Course Title: The World Today 7e

Chapter Number: Chapter 01

Question type: Multiple-Choice

1) The two leading languages spoken in Canada are:

a) English and Spanish

b) English and French

c) English and Canadian

d) Canadian and French

e) French and Spanish

Answer: b

Difficulty: Easy

Learning Objective: Discuss the North American Realm and its population clusters.

Section Reference: Defining the North American Realm and Its Population Clusters

2) More than 80% of Canada's exports go to:

a) The United States

b) The United Kingdom

c) China

d) Japan

e) Mexico

Answer: a

Difficulty: Easy

Learning Objective: Discuss the North American Realm and its population clusters.

Section Reference: Defining The North American Realm and Its Population Clusters Population Clusters

3) The physiographic region called the Canadian Shield:

a) contains enormous mineral resources

b) is an intermontane zone

c) consists of extensive mountainous terrain

d) is bordered on the west by the Appalachian Mountains

e) is also known as the Arctic Coastal Plain

Answer: a

Difficulty: Medium

Learning Objective: Identify the landform regions, climates, and major lakes and rivers of North America.

Section Reference: North America’s Physical Geography

4) Which of the following States contains territory located in the Intermontane Basins and Plateaus physiographic province?

a) Wisconsin

b) Texas

c) Pennsylvania

d) Nevada

e) New York

Answer: d

Difficulty: Hard

Learning Objective: Identify the landform regions, climates, and major lakes and rivers of North America.

Section Reference: North America’s Physical Geography

5) The Great Lakes' main outlet to the sea is the:

a) Mississippi River

b) St. Lawrence River

c) Erie Canal

d) Columbia River

e) There is no outlet to the sea.

Answer: b

Difficulty: Medium

Learning Objective: Identify the landform regions, climates, and major lakes and rivers of North America.

Section Reference: North America’s Physical Geography

6) A continental climate is most likely to be found in the State of:

a) Maine

b) Oregon

c) Florida

d) Hawai'i

e) Kansas

Answer: e

Difficulty: Medium

Learning Objective: Identify the landform regions, climates, and major lakes and rivers of North America.

Section Reference: North America’s Physical Geography

7) The rain-shadow effect is felt most strongly in which physiographic province of North America?

a) The Rocky Mountains

b) The Gulf-Atlantic Plain

c) The Interior Lowlands

d) The Great Plains

e) The Canadian Shield

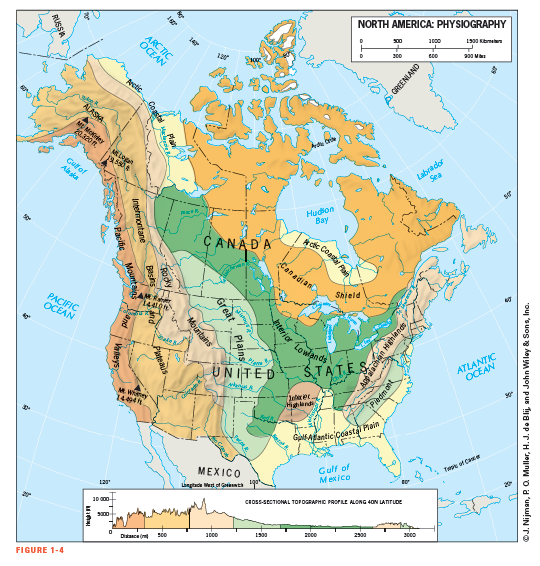
Answer: d

Difficulty: Hard

Learning Objective: Identify the landform regions, climates, and major lakes and rivers of North America.

Section Reference: North America's Physical Geography

8) According to Figure 1-4, the highest elevation in North America lies within this physiographic province:



a) Pacific Mountains and Valleys

b) Intermontane Valleys and Plateaus

c) Rocky Mountains

d) Canadian Shield

e) Appalachian Mountains

Answer: a

Difficulty: Medium

Learning Objective: Identify the landform regions, climates, and major lakes and rivers of North America.

Section Reference: North America’s Physical Geography

9) The rain-shadow effect would be most evident in which direction relative to the Rocky Mountains?

1. east
2. south
3. southwest
4. west
5. northwest

Answer: a

Difficulty: Medium

Learning Objective: Identify the landform regions, climates, and major lakes and rivers of North America.

Section Reference: North America’s Physical Geography

10) The indigenous peoples called Native Americans in the U.S. are known as \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ in Canada.

a) Native Canadians

b) Indians

c) Aboriginals

d) Saskatchewans

e) First Nations

Answer: e

Difficulty: Medium

Learning Objective: Discuss the basic historical geography of the settlement of the U.S. and Canada and the major languages and religions of North America.

Section Reference: Native Americans and European Settlement; Cultural Foundations

11) The two European powers that fought over control of the territory that became Canada were the:

a) French and Russians

b) British and Russians

c) French and British

d) Dutch and Spanish

e) Spanish and Portuguese

Answer: c

Difficulty: Easy

Learning Objective: Discuss the historical geography of the settlement of the U.S. and Canada and the major languages and religions of North America.

Section Reference: Native Americans and European Settlement; Cultural Foundations

12) Mormonism is most widespread in which of the following regions:

a) Northern Frontier

b) Continental Interior

c) Maritime Northeast

d) Southwest

e) Western Frontier

Answer: e

Difficulty: Easy

Learning Objective: Discuss the historical geography of the settlement of the U.S. and Canada and the major languages and religions of North America.

Section Reference: Native Americans and European Settlement; Cultural Foundations

13) Washington D.C. is to the United States as \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ is to Canada.

a) Winnipeg

b) Ottawa

c) Toronto

d) Vancouver

e) Montreal

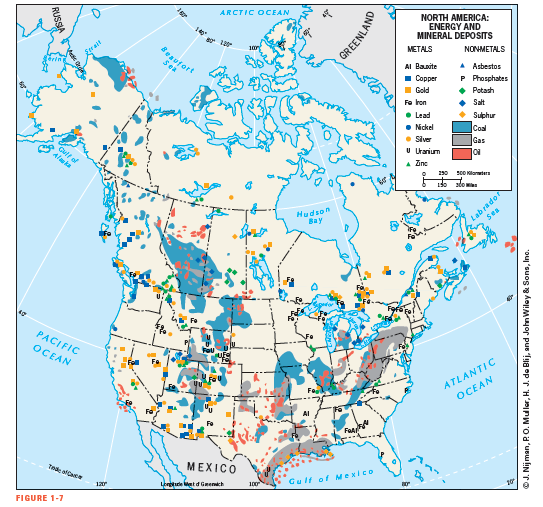
Answer: b

Difficulty: Easy

Learning Objective: Discuss the interrelatedness between political boundaries of U.S. States and Canadian Provinces and the location of major natural resources.

Section Reference: The Federal Map of North America; The Distribution of Natural Resources

14) According to Figure 1-7, which of the following is a major natural-gas producing State?



a) Wisconsin

b) New York

c) Florida

d) Texas

e) Arizona

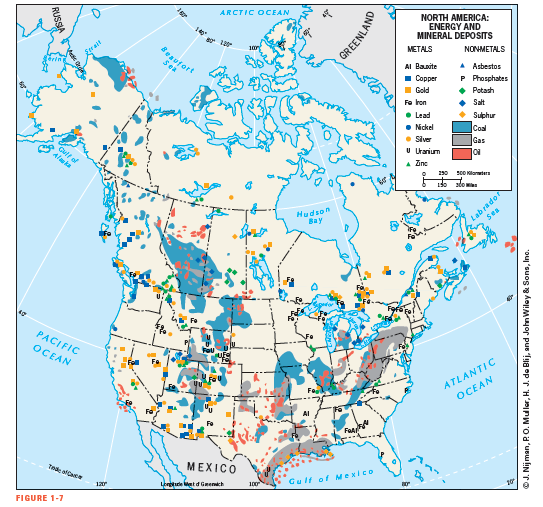
Answer: d

Difficulty: Medium

Learning Objective: Discuss the interrelatedness between political boundaries of U.S. States and Canadian Provinces and the location of major natural resources.

Section Reference: The Federal Map of North America; The Distribution of Natural Resources

15) According to Figure 1-7, which province in Canada has significant coal deposits?



a) Ontario

b) Yukon Territory

c) Manitoba

d) Alberta

e) Quebec

Answer: d

Difficulty: Medium

Learning Objective: Discuss the interrelatedness between political boundaries of U.S. States and Canadian Provinces and the location of major natural resources.

Section Reference: The Federal Map of North America; The Distribution of Natural Resources

16) The North Slope of Alaska contains large quantities of:

a) tar sands

b) diamonds

c) coal

d) oil

e) marine life

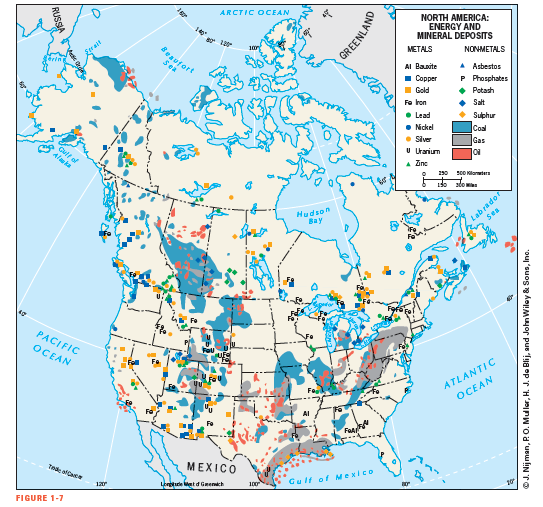
Answer: d

Difficulty: Easy

Learning Objective: Discuss the interrelatedness between political boundaries of U.S. States and Canadian Provinces and the location of major natural resources.

Section Reference: The Federal Map of North America; The Distribution of Natural Resources

17) According to Figure 1-7, what mineral deposit in addition to oil and gas is located along the coastline of the Gulf of Mexico?



a) Lead

b) Nickel

c) Silver

d) Sulphur

e) Gold

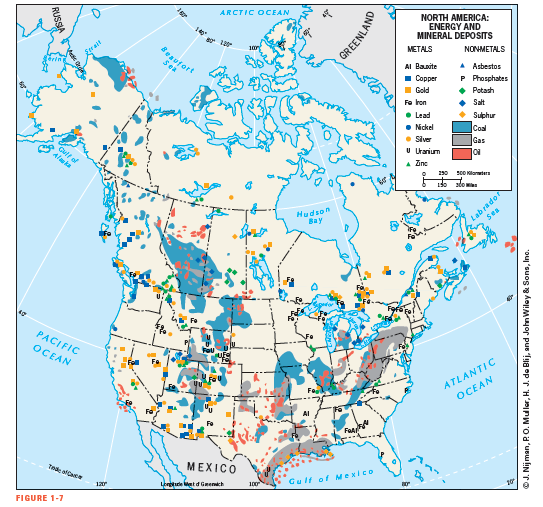
Answer: d

Difficulty: Medium

Learning Objective: Discuss the interrelatedness between political boundaries of U.S. States and Canadian Provinces and the location of major natural resources.

Section Reference: The Federal Map of North America; The Distribution of Natural Resources

18) According to Figure 1-7, which of the following States does not contain oil reserves?



a) California

b) Wyoming

c) Oklahoma

d) Illinois

e) Florida

Answer: e

Difficulty: Medium

Learning Objective: Discuss the interrelatedness between political boundaries of U.S. States and Canadian Provinces and the location of major natural resources.

Section Reference: The Federal Map of North America; The Distribution of Natural Resources

19) Which is the only one of the Great Lakes situated entirely within the borders of the United States?

1. Superior
2. Michigan
3. Huron
4. Erie
5. Ontario

Answer: b

Difficulty: Medium

Learning Objective: Discuss the interrelatedness between political boundaries of U.S. States and Canadian Provinces and the location of major natural resources.

Section Reference: The Federal Map of North America; The Distribution of Natural Resources

20) Which city is not located in the American Manufacturing Belt?

a) Chicago

b) Pittsburgh

c) Kansas City

d) Toronto

e) New York

Answer: c

Difficulty: Medium

Learning Objective: Discuss the evolution of the economic and parallel urban geography of North America.

Section Reference: Urbanization and The Spatial Economy

21) The development of America’s multinodal pattern of urban development began \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ .

a) early in the 21stcentury

b) during the Industrial Revolution

c) in the post-World War II era

d) around 1900

e) during the 1980s

Answer: c

Difficulty: Hard

Learning Objective: Discuss the evolution of the economic and parallel urban geography of North America.

Section Reference: Urbanization and The Spatial Economy

22) The information economy mostly embodies the \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ sector of a nation’s economy.

a) primary

b) secondary

c) tertiary

d) quaternary

e) quinary

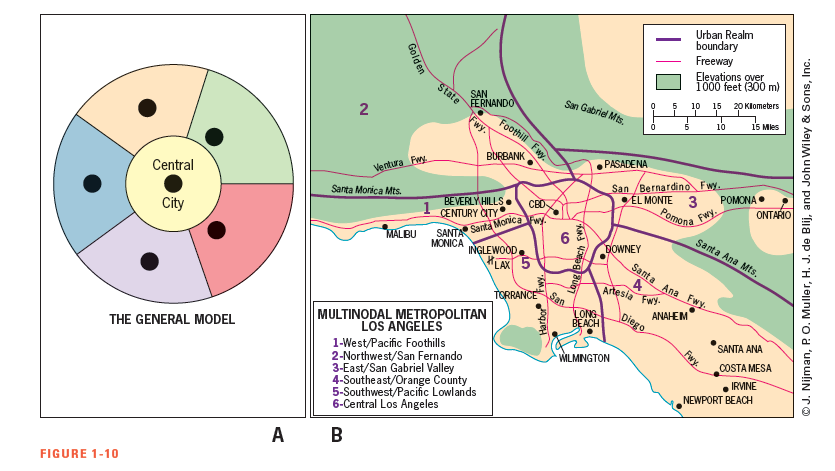
Answer: d

Difficulty: Easy

Learning Objective: Discuss the evolution of the economic and parallel urban geography of North America.

Section Reference: Urbanization and The Spatial Economy

23) According to Figure 1-10, in which urban realm of metropolitan Los Angeles would gentrification most likely occur?



a) West/Pacific Foothills

b) Northwest/San Fernando

c) East/San Gabriel Valley

d) Southeast/Orange County

e) Central Los Angeles

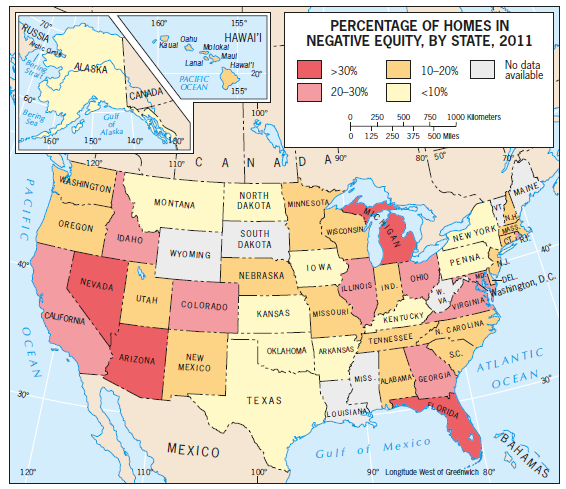
Answer: e

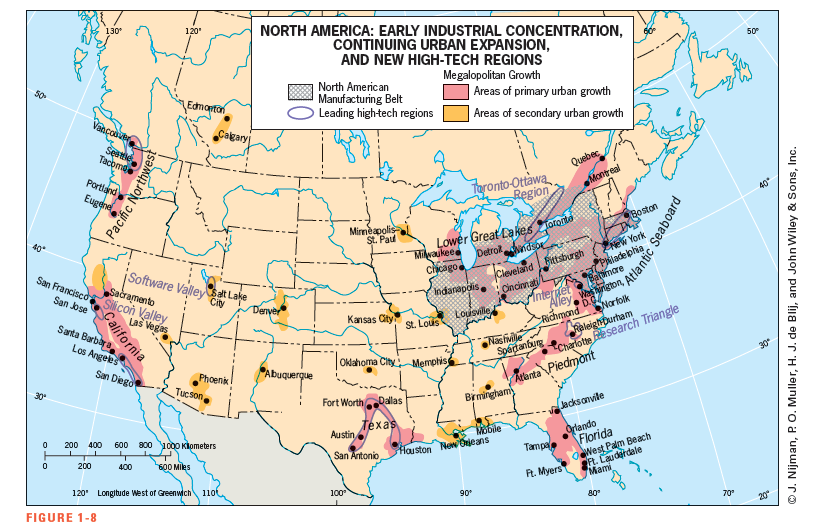
Difficulty: Hard

Learning Objective: Discuss the evolution of the economic and parallel urban geography of North America.

Section Reference: Urbanization and The Spatial Economy

24) Look at the figures below. Which State within the American Manufacturing Belt had the highest percentage of homes with mortgage equity problems in 2011?





a) Illinois

b) Michigan

c) Florida

d) New York

e) Pennsylvania

Answer: b

Difficulty: Hard

Learning Objective: Discuss the evolution of the economic and parallel urban geography of North America.

Section Reference: Urbanization and The Spatial Economy

25) Which of the following political units was created in the late 1990s in response to a major aboriginal land claim?

a) Newfoundland and Labrador

b) the Northeast Territory

c) Alaska

d) Nunavut

e) Quebec

Answer: d

Difficulty: Medium

Learning Objective: Discuss Canada’s provinces and territories, English-French cultural division, and the Indigenous People’s movement.

Section Reference: Regionalism in Canada: Divisive Forces

26) Montreal and the lower course of the St. Lawrence Seaway are located in the Canadian province of \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

a) British Columbia

b) Alberta

c) Nova Scotia

d) Quebec

e) Ontario

Answer: d

Difficulty: Easy

Learning Objective: Discuss Canada’s provinces and territories, English-French cultural division, and the Indigenous People’s movement.

Section Reference: Regionalism in Canada: Divisive Forces

27) Canada’s largest city on its Pacific coast is:

a) Montreal

b) Toronto

c) Anchorage

d) Vancouver

e) Calgary

Answer: d

Difficulty: Easy

Learning Objective: Discuss Canada’s provinces and territories, English-French cultural division, and the Indigenous People’s movement.

Section Reference: Regionalism in Canada: Divisive Forces

28) Which of the following is one of Canada's Atlantic Provinces?

a) New Brunswick

b) British Columbia

c) Nunavut

d) Quebec

e) Alberta

Answer: a

Difficulty: Medium

Learning Objective: Discuss Canada’s provinces and territories, English-French cultural division, and the Indigenous People’s movement.

Section Reference: Regionalism in Canada: Divisive Forces

29) Which of the following is one of Canada's Prairie Provinces?

a) Nova Scotia

b) British Columbia

c) Manitoba

d) Newfoundland and Labrador

e) Prince Edward Island

Answer: c

Difficulty: Easy

Learning Objective: Discuss Canada’s provinces and territories, English-French cultural division, and the Indigenous People’s movement.

Section Reference: Regionalism in Canada: Divisive Forces

30) The majority of Canadians live \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

a) close to the U.S. border

b) in the western provinces

c) in the Atlantic provinces

d) in rural area

e) on the shores of Lake Michigan and Superior

Answer: a

Difficulty: Easy

Learning Objective: Discuss Canada’s provinces and territories, English-French cultural division, and the Indigenous People’s movement.

Section Reference: Regionalism in Canada: Divisive Forces

31) Over the past half-century, devolutionary forces in Canada have been strongest in \_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

a) Nunavut

b) Nova Scotia

c) Newfoundland and Labrador

d) British Columbia

e) Quebec

Answer: e

Difficulty: Medium

Learning Objective: Discuss Canada’s provinces and territories, English-French cultural division, and the Indigenous People’s movement.

Section Reference: Regionalism in Canada: Divisive Forces

32) Quebec's cross-border linkages to the U.S. are most strongly developed with the State of:

a) Ohio

b) Maine

c) New York

d) Michigan

e) Massachusetts

Answer: c

Difficulty: Medium

Learning Objective: Discuss Canada’s provinces and territories, English-French cultural division, and the Indigenous People’s movement.

Section Reference: Regionalism in Canada: Divisive Forces

33) The Southwest Region of North America has the largest cluster of \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ in the United States.

a) Hispanic Americans

b) African Americans

c) Asian Americans

d) Native Americans

e) European Americans

Answer: a

Difficulty: Medium

Learning Objective: Describe the basic geography of race and ethnicity in the United States.

Section Reference: Regionalism and Ethnicity in the United States

34) Which U.S. State contains the largest number of Asian Americans?

a) Texas

b) New York

c) Illinois

d) Alaska

e) California

Answer: e

Difficulty: Medium

Learning Objective: Describe the basic geography of race and ethnicity in the United States.

Section Reference: Regionalism and Ethnicity in the United States

35) The most numerous among Americans who would identify themselves as Asian are:

1. Japanese
2. Filipino
3. Korean
4. Chinese
5. Vietnamese

Answer: d

Difficulty: Medium

Learning Objective: Describe the basic geography of race and ethnicity in the United States.

Section Reference: Regionalism and Ethnicity in the United States

36) According to Figure 1-14, which North American region is located only in the United States?



a) The Continental Interior

b) The Maritime Northeast

c) The Southeast

d) The Pacific Hinge

e) The Northern Frontier

Answer: c

Difficulty: Easy

Learning Objective: Discuss North America’s nine regions.

Section Reference: Regions: Regions of North America

37) Which region of North America contains the most important agricultural area of this realm?

a) The Continental Interior

b) The Western Frontier

c) The Southwest

d) The Northern Frontier

e) North American’s Historic Core

Answer: a

Difficulty: Easy

Learning Objective: Discuss North America’s nine regions.

Section Reference: Regions: Regions of North America

38) Northern New England's strongest cultural and economic links to Canada are with:

a) Quebec

b) the Atlantic provinces

c) British Columbia

d) the St. Lawrence Valley

e) metropolitan Montreal

Answer: b

Difficulty: Easy

Learning Objective: Discuss North America’s nine regions.

Section Reference: Regions: Regions of North America

39) Which of the following is not part of North America's primary Francophone area?

a) southern Quebec

b) northern New Brunswick

c) northernmost New Hampshire

d) southern Louisiana

e) metropolitan Montreal

Answer: d

Difficulty: Hard

Learning Objective: Discuss North America’s nine regions.

Section Reference: Regions: Regions of North America

40) Canada's Francophone population in New Brunswick are known as the:

a) Cajuns

b) First Nations

c) Acadians

d) Old Brunswickers

e) Prince Edward Islanders

Answer: c

Difficulty: Hard

Learning Objective: Discuss North America’s nine regions.

Section Reference: Regions: Regions of North America

41) The North American region that has undergone the most change over the past 50 years is:

a) the South

b) North America’s Historic Core

c) the Pacific Hinge

d) The Western Frontier

e) French Canada

Answer: a

Difficulty: Medium

Learning Objective: Discuss North America’s nine regions.

Section Reference: Regions: Regions of North America

42) The North American region with the greatest disparity in income between rich and poor is:

a) the South

b) the Maritime Northeast

c) the Southwest

d) New England/Atlantic Provinces

e) the Western Frontier

Answer: a

Difficulty: Medium

Learning Objective: Discuss North America’s nine regions.

Section Reference: Regions: Regions of North America

43) The Southwest is a tricultural region comprised of:

a) blacks, whites, and Native Americans

b) Mexicans, Alaskans, and Hawaiians

c) Native Americans, Hispanics, and Anglos

d) Mexicans, Native Americans, and First Nations

e) none of the above

Answer: c

Difficulty: Easy

Learning Objective: Discuss North America’s nine regions.

Section Reference: Regions: Regions of North America

44) Which of the following cities is not a component of the Southwest's booming growth triangle?

a) Dallas

b) San Antonio

c) Fort Worth

d) Phoenix

e) Houston

Answer: d

Difficulty: Medium

Learning Objective: Discuss North America’s nine regions.

Section Reference: Regions: Regions of North America

45) Which of the following conurbations is one of the realm's most productive post-industrial complexes?

a) Phoenix-Tucson

b) Dallas/Fort Worth-Houston-San Antonio

c) Boston-Washington

d) Miami-Fort Lauderdale-West Palm Beach

e) Atlanta-Charlotte-Greensboro

Answer: b

Difficulty: Medium

Learning Objective: Discuss North America’s nine regions.

Section Reference: Regions: Regions of North America

46) The fastest-growing large metropolitan area in the U.S. is:

a) Detroit

b) Las Vegas

c) Atlanta

d) Boston

e) St. Louis

Answer: b

Difficulty: Medium

Learning Objective: Discuss North America’s nine regions.

Section Reference: Regions: Regions of North America

47) Utah, Nevada, Idaho, and western Colorado are all located in the:

a) Western Frontier

b) Continental Interior

c) Northern Frontier

d) Southwest

e) Pacific Hinge

Answer: a

Difficulty: Easy

Learning Objective: Discuss North America’s nine regions.

Section Reference: Regions: Regions of North America

48) Which of the following cities is not located in the Western Frontier region?

a) Las Vegas, Nevada

b) Phoenix, Arizona

c) Denver, Colorado

d) Salt Lake City, Utah

e) Boise, Idaho

Answer: b

Difficulty: Medium

Learning Objective: Discuss North America’s nine regions.

Section Reference: Regions: Regions of North America

49) The North American region that is the largest but the least densely settled is the:

a) Northern Frontier

b) Continental Interior

c) Maritime Northeast

d) Southwest

e) Western Frontier

Answer: a

Difficulty: Easy

Learning Objective: Discuss North America’s nine regions.

Section Reference: Regions: Regions of North America

50) The North American region in which First Nations are a leading cultural force is:

a) Northern Frontier

b) Continental Interior

c) Maritime Northeast

d) Southwest

e) Western Interior

Answer: a

Difficulty: Easy

Learning Objective: Discuss North America’s nine regions.

Section Reference: Regions: Regions of North America

51) The major mountain range of the Pacific Northwest region is the:

a) Rockies

b) Sierra Nevada

c) Black Hills

d) Cascades

e) Wasatch

Answer: d

Difficulty: Easy

Learning Objective: Discuss North America’s nine regions.

Section Reference: Regions: Regions of North America

52) \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ is the most Asianized metropolis in North America.

a) Denver

b) Vancouver

c) Seattle

d) New York

e) Chicago

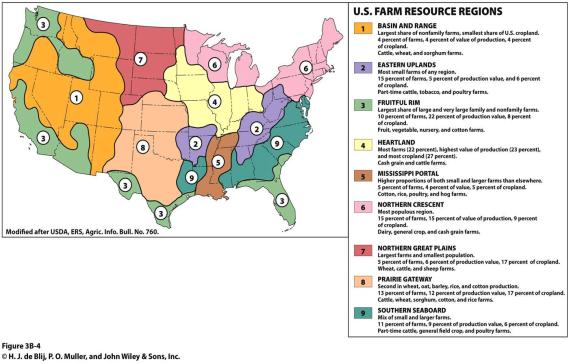
Answer: b

Difficulty: Hard

Learning Objective: Discuss North America’s nine regions.

Section Reference: Regions: Regions of North America

53) According to the figure below, this farm region contains the largest farms and the smallest populations:



a) The Fruitful Rim

b) The Heartland

c) The Northern Great Plains

d) Prairie Gateway

e) Southern Seaboard

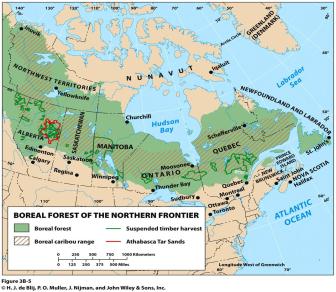
Answer: c

Difficulty: Easy

Learning Objective: Discuss North America’s nine regions.

Section Reference: Regions: Regions of North America

54) According to the figure below, Canada's Boreal forest lies predominantly in the region:



a) Northern Frontier

b) Western Frontier

c) French Canada

d) Continental Interior (North)

e) Maritime Northeast

Answer: a

Difficulty: Easy

Learning Objective: Discuss North America’s nine regions.

Section Reference: Regions: Regions of North America

Question Type: True/False

55) Canada’s population is growing as rapidly as that in the US.

Answer: False

Difficulty: Easy

Learning Objective: Discuss the North American Realm and its population clusters.

Section Reference: Defining The North American Realm and Its Population Clusters

56) Both Canada and the U.S. exhibit a high degree of cultural pluralism.

Answer: True

Difficulty: Easy

Learning Objective: Discuss the North American Realm and its population clusters.

Section Reference: Defining The North American Realm and Its Population Clusters

57) African Americans constitute about 25 percent of the U.S. population.

Answer: False

Difficulty: Easy

Learning Objective: Discuss the North American Realm and its population clusters.

Section Reference: Defining The North American Realm and Its Population Clusters

58) Physically homogeneous regions are called physiographic provinces.

Answer: True

Difficulty: Easy

Learning Objective: Identify the landform regions, climates, and major lakes and rivers of North America.

Section Reference: North America’s Physical Geography

59) The intermontane region of North America is found in eastern Canada.

Answer: False

Difficulty: Medium

Learning Objective: Identify the landform regions, climates, and major lakes and rivers of North America.

Section Reference: North America’s Physical Geography

60) Yearly temperature ranges are much larger in the interior of continents.

Answer: True

Difficulty: Easy

Learning Objective: Identify the landform regions, climates, and major lakes and rivers of North America.

Section Reference: North America’s Physical Geography

61) The rain shadow effect has its greatest influence on the climate of Los Angeles and other Pacific-bordering cities.

Answer: False

Difficulty: Medium

Learning Objective: Identify the landform regions, climates, and major lakes and rivers of North America.

Section Reference: North America’s Physical Geography

62) The predominant religion in the South is Roman Catholicism.

Answer: False

Difficulty: Easy

Learning Objective: Discuss the historical geography of the settlement of the U.S. and Canada and the major languages and religions of North America.

Section Reference: Native Americans and European Settlement; Cultural Foundations

63) Americans are more religious than the rest of the Western world.

Answer: True

Difficulty: Easy

Learning Objective: Discuss the historical geography of the settlement of the U.S. and Canada and the major languages and religions of North America.

Section Reference: Native Americans and European Settlement; Cultural Foundations

65) Like the U.S., Canada is a federal state.

Answer: True

Difficulty: Easy

Learning Objective: Discuss the interrelatedness between political boundaries of U.S. States and Canadian Provinces and the location of major natural resources.

Section Reference: The Federal Map of North America; The Distribution of Natural Resources

66) The Canadian Shield is a high-elevation geological feature that has almost no natural resources.

Answer: False

Difficulty: Easy

Learning Objective: Discuss the interrelatedness between political boundaries of U.S. States and Canadian Provinces and the location of major natural resources.

Section Reference: The Federal Map of North America; The Distribution of Natural Resources

67) California is the most populous State in the U.S.

Answer: True

Difficulty: Easy

Learning Objective: Discuss the interrelatedness between political boundaries of U.S. States and Canadian Provinces and the location of major natural resources.

Section Reference: The Federal Map of North America; The Distribution of Natural Resources

68) Most Americans today are employed in the primary sector of the economy.

Answer: False

Difficulty: Medium

Section Reference: Urbanization and The Spatial Economy

Learning Objective: Discuss the evolution of the economic and parallel urban geography of North America.

69) The Great Recession has had a more negative impact in Canada than in the United States.

Answer: False

Difficulty: Easy

Section Reference: Urbanization and The Spatial Economy

Learning Objective: Discuss the evolution of the economic and parallel urban geography of North America.

70) Since the 1970s the population center of gravity in the United States has not changed.

Answer: False

Difficulty: Easy

Section Reference: The Making of a Multicultural Realm

Learning Objective: Discuss the geography of multiculturalism and the immigration issues that now face the U.S. and Canada.

71) Nunavut is a new aboriginal province in northern Quebec.

Answer: False

Difficulty: Medium

Section Reference: Regionalism in Canada: Divisive Forces

Learning Objective: Discuss Canada’s provinces and territories, English-French cultural division, and the Indigenous People’s movement.

72) Quebec successfully seceded from Canada in 2007.

Answer: False

Difficulty: Easy

Section Reference: Regionalism in Canada: Divisive Forces

Learning Objective: Discuss Canada’s provinces and territories, English-French cultural division, and the Indigenous People’s movement.

73) New England has a strong cultural and economic affinity with the Atlantic provinces of Canada.

Answer: True

Difficulty: Easy

Section Reference: Regions: Regions of North America

Learning Objective: Discuss North America’s nine regions.

74) Newfoundland and Labrador is Canada's easternmost province.

Answer: True

Difficulty: Easy

Section Reference: Regions: Regions of North America

Learning Objective: Discuss North America’s nine regions.

75) Wheat farming is, in general, located to the west of corn farming in the U.S.

Answer: True

Difficulty: Medium

Section Reference: Regions: Regions of North America

Learning Objective: Discuss North America’s nine regions.

76) The population of the Continental Interior region is in decline.

Answer: True

Difficulty: Easy

Section Reference: Regions: Regions of North America

Learning Objective: Discuss North America’s nine regions.

77) The growth of the Hispanic population is occurring throughout the Southeast and Southwest Regions.

Answer: True

Difficulty: Medium

Section Reference: Regions: Regions of North America

Learning Objective: Discuss North America’s nine regions.

78) Miami is the 'Gateway to Latin America.'

Answer: True

Difficulty: Easy

Section Reference: Regions: Regions of North America

Learning Objective: Discuss North America’s nine regions.

79) Alaska is located in the Western Frontier region.

Answer: False

Difficulty: Easy

Section Reference: Regions: Regions of North America

Learning Objective: Discuss North America’s nine regions.

80) The Western Frontier includes the States of Utah, Nevada, New Mexico, and western Colorado.

Answer: False

Difficulty: Easy

Section Reference: Regions: Regions of North America

Learning Objective: Discuss North America’s nine regions.

81) The Las Vegas area is the fastest growing part of the Northern Frontier.

Answer: False

Difficulty: Easy

Section Reference: Regions: Regions of North America

Learning Objective: Discuss North America’s nine regions.

82) The Northern Frontier is the largest region in North America.

Answer: True

Difficulty: Easy

Section Reference: Regions: Regions of North America

Learning Objective: Discuss North America’s nine regions.

83) The Canadian Shield is mostly located in the Northern Frontier region.

Answer: True

Difficulty: Easy

Section Reference: Regions: Regions of North America

Learning Objective: Discuss North America’s nine regions.

84) The Northern Frontier has significant quantities of raw materials, including oil.

Answer: True

Difficulty: Easy

Section Reference: Regions: Regions of North America

Learning Objective: Discuss North America’s nine regions.

85) Unlike most of the rest of the western half of the U.S., most of the Pacific Hinge region has adequate rainfall.

Answer: True

Difficulty: Easy

Section Reference: Regions: Regions of North America

Learning Objective: Discuss North America’s nine regions.

86) Vancouver is the most Asianized metropolis in North America.

Answer: True

Difficulty: Easy

Section Reference: Regions: Regions of North America

Learning Objective: Discuss North America’s nine regions.

Question type: Text-entry

87) The westernmost and largest of the five Great Lakes is Lake\_\_\_.

Answer: Superior

Difficulty: Easy

Section Reference: North America’s Physical Geography

Learning Objective: Identify the landform regions, climates, and major lakes and rivers of North America.

88) The northward extension of the Sierra Nevada Mountains through the states of Oregon and Washington is called the \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ Mountains.

Answer: Cascade

Difficulty: Easy

Section Reference: North America’s Physical Geography

Learning Objective: Identify the landform regions, climates, and major lakes and rivers of North America.

89) The outlet to the sea for the Great Lakes is the \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ River.

Answer: St. Lawrence

Difficulty: Easy

Section Reference: North America’s Physical Geography

Learning Objective: Identify the landform regions, climates, and major lakes and rivers of North America.

90) The three leading fossil fuels are petroleum (oil), natural gas, and\_\_\_.

Answer: coal

Difficulty: Easy

Section Reference: The Federal Map of North America; The Distribution of Natural Resources

Learning Objective: Discuss the interrelatedness between political boundaries of U.S. States and Canadian Provinces and the location of major natural resources.

91) Secondary economic activities involve jobs in the \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ sector, which is engaged in the transformation of raw materials into finished products.

Answer: manufacturing; industrial

Difficulty: Easy

Section Reference: Urbanization and The Spatial Economy

Learning Objective: Discuss the evolution of the economic and parallel urban geography of North America.

92) Since the 1960s, the advent of widespread \_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ helped speed the population boom of the Sunbelt States of the U.S. southern tier.

Answer: air-conditioning

Difficulty: Medium

Section Reference: Urbanization and the Spatial Economy

Learning Objective: Discuss the evolution of the economic and parallel urban geography of North America.

93) Montreal and the lower course of the St. Lawrence River are located in the Canadian province of\_\_\_.

Answer: Quebec

Difficulty: Easy

Section Reference: Regions: Regions of North America

Learning Objective: Discuss North America’s nine regions.

94) The four ‘corner’ cities of the American Manufacturing Belt are: Washington, D.C., St. Louis, Milwaukee, and \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

Answer: Boston

Difficulty: Medium

Section Reference: Regions: Regions of North America

Learning Objective: Discuss North America’s nine regions.

95) The only U.S. State that lies within the Northern Frontier region is \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

Answer: Alaska

Difficulty: Easy

Section Reference: Regions: Regions of North America

Learning Objective: Discuss North America’s nine regions.